

ANNUAL REPORT

2016

"The SEC in granting approval does not extend to either endorsing or ratifying the accuracy of the specific details set out therein, and that the management company remains at all times responsible for the specific details set out in the Annual Report."

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## CEYBANK SAVINGS PLUS MONEY MARKET FUND Annual Report & Accounts 2016 CORPORATE INFORMATION

**TRUSTEE** 

National Savings Bank

Savings House, 255, Galle Road

Colombo 03

FUND MANAGERS & REGISTRAR

Ceybank Asset Management Ltd

Reg. No PV 3326

No 54/C 1, Ward Place, Colombo -7 Tel: 011 760 2000-2, Fax: 2683095

E.mail: ceybank@slt.lk

DIRECTORS OF THE MANAGEMENT COMPANY

Mr. P.S.C. Pelpola

Chairman

Mr. M Selvanathan Deputy Chairman

Mr. C. Sathkumara CEO/Executive Director

Mr. D. M. Gunasekera (Nominee - Bank of Ceylon)

Mr. S.M.S.C.Jayasuriya (Nominee - Bank of Ceylon)

Shri B Babu Rao

(Nominee - Unit Trust of India)

Mr. M S P Ranjith Perera

(Nominee - Sri Lanka Insurance)

Mr. P.A.Liyanamana

(Nominee - Sri Lanka Insurance)

Mr.Ajith weeratunge

(Alternate to Mr. M Selvanathan)

Mr. G.A.Jayashantha

(Alternate to Mr. D. M. Gunasekera)

Mr. U. D. Liyanagamage

(Alternate to Mr.P.A.Liyanamana)

MEMBERS OF

THE INVESTMENT ADVISORY PANEL

Mr. Hari Selvanathan Deputy Chairman

Carson Cumberbatch PLC

Mr. S N P Palihena

Former General Manager

Bank of Ceylon

Mr. Tennyson Rodrigo

Former Managing Director

Capital Development & Investment Co Ltd

AUDITORS

**BDO Partners** 

**Chartered Accountants** 

TAX CONSULTANTS

Ernst & Young

**Chartered Accountants** 

**BANKERS & CUSTODIAN** 

Bank of Ceylon

LAWYERS

F. J. & G. De Saram

Attorneys -at-Law

Nithya Partners

Attorneys -at-Law

## **CEYBANK SAVINGS PLUS MONEY MARKET FUND - Annual Report 2016**

#### REPORT OF THE MANAGER

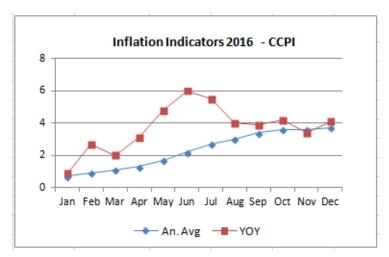
We have great pleasure in presenting the Annual Report and Audited Accounts of the Ceybank Saving Plus Money Market Fund for the period 1st January 2016 to 31st December 2016.

The Net Asset Value per unit of your Fund appreciated by 9.20% during the period and the Fund distributed tax free dividends of Rs 0.65 (65cts per unit). The Fund will distribute dividends in January and July each year.

### **Economy**

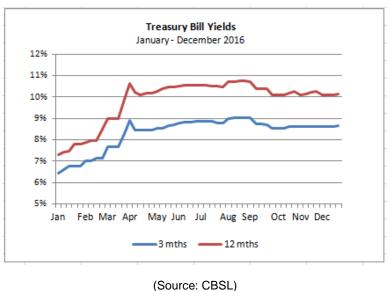
The Sri Lankan Economy recorded an Annual GDP growth of 4.4% in 2016 down from the growth of 4.8% achieved in 2015 (base year=2010). Sector wise Industry grew by 6.7%, Services by 4.2%, while Agriculture recorded a negative growth of 4.2%, affected by both floods and drought.

Average Annual Inflation measured by the CCPI, which was at 0.7% at the beginning of the year increased continuously during the year, and closed the year at 3.7% as at end December 2016.



Market interest rates remained volatile during the year. The benchmark 12 month Treasury bill rate which was at 7.30% p.a. at the beginning of the year increased to 10.17% p.a. by the end of the year. Long term Treasury bond yields also moved up during this period. An increase was also witnessed on corporate paper yields, with premiums around 2-3% above Treasury yields.

Overnight call money rates generally traded within a range of 6.00% and 8.44% p.a. The exchange rate which was at 144.08 (Rs/US\$) at the beginning of 2016, depreciated during the year to 149.75 (Rs/US\$), as at end December 2016.



Central Bank key policy rates were increased by a total of 100 bps (50 bps in February and again in July). The Standing Deposit Facility Rate (SDFR) was increased from 6.00% to 7.00% while the Standing Lending Facility Rate (SLFR) was increased from 7.5% to 8.5%. The Statutory Reserve Requirement (SRR) for Commercial Banks was increased by 150 bps and was at 7.5% at the end of 2016.

#### **Fund Performance**

The Net Asset Value per unit of your Fund appreciated by 9.20% during the period under review.

The Fund generated a net operating profit of Rs 217.74 million and declared tax free dividends of Rs 132.06 million, a total of Rs 0.65 per unit to the unit holders for the period under review. The Fund was mainly invested in a mix of Treasury bills, Repurchase Agreements and Corporate paper with maturities less than 12 months.

#### **Future Outlook**

The Sri Lankan Economy recorded an Annual GDP growth of 4.4% in 2016, down from a growth of 4.8% in 2015 mainly due to a poor performance in the Agriculture sector. The 4<sup>th</sup> quarter for 2016 however grew at 5.3% ending the year positively.

Government policy continues to be unclear and has hampered investments into the country. The future outlook on growth will depend largely on the implementation of the budget proposals and clarity of direction. Both Portfolio investors and direct Investors remain on the sideline.

Despite the high probability on the resumption of GSP plus concessions, export markets remain a concern, due to social instability in Europe and possible changes in global trade agreements with a new administration in the USA. A widening trade deficit and increasing crude oil prices globally is a matter of much concern, as local drought conditions have affected hydro power generation and also affected the Agriculture sector which will put pressure on the level of growth that will be finally achieved.

Market interest rates continue to rise and the Government's increased borrowing program indicates a rate movement upwards. Taking these factors into account the Fund is currently invested in short term Treasury bills, Repurchase Agreements and a mix of Securities issued by Corporate entities. The objective of the Fund is to provide liquidity and a stable regular income for the investor. The Managers will continue to monitor the changing environment to address any change required in the asset allocation in order to meet the Fund objective.

The Government's budget proposed an additional tax on Unit Trusts effective 1<sup>st</sup> April 2017. However the Unit trust industry has made representations and counter proposals to the Finance Ministry for concessions and is awaiting the Government's decision and gazette in this regard.

## Management

We take this opportunity to thank our valued unit holders for the confidence placed in us, which has been a great source of encouragement. We believe we will be able to provide a consistent return to the unit holders. We also place on record our appreciation for the unstinted support and cooperation extended by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Sri Lanka, the Trustee, National Savings Bank and Custodian Bank of Ceylon.

Our sincere appreciation is also due to the stakeholders, the Board of Directors and the members of the Investment Advisory Panel for their support. Our achievements would not have been possible without the skills and commitment of the Management Team. We take great pleasure in thanking them for their contribution and dedication throughout the year and look forward to their support in the coming year too.

Chitra Sathkumara
Executive Director/ CEO
05th May 2017



Tel :+94-11-2421878-79-70

+94-11-2387002-03
Fax :+94-11-2336064
E-mail :bdopartners@bdo.lk

Website: www.bdo.lk

Chartered Accountants "Charter House" 65/2, Sir Chittampalam A Gardiner Mawatha Colombo 02 Sri Lanka

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF CEYBANK SAVINGS PLUS FUND

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Ceybank Savings Plus Fund, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31<sup>st</sup> December, 2016 and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in unitholder's fund and statement of cash flow for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information as set out on pages 05 to 19.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Ceybank Asset Management Limited ("Management") and the Trustee of the Unit Trust are responsible for the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Sri Lanka Accounting Standards and for such internal control as the Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Sri Lanka Auditing Standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the fund's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by Management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of Ceybank Savings Plus Fund as at 31st December, 2016 and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Sri Lanka Accounting Standards.

### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

These financial statements also comply with the requirements of the Unit Trust Code of September 2011 issued by the securities and exchange commission of Sri Lanka under the Act No. 36 of 1987 and the Trust Deed.

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

BDO Partney

Colombo

05<sup>th</sup> May, 2017

SSR/dm

## CEYBANK SAVINGS PLUS FUND STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 2016

		2016	2015
	Note	Rs.	Rs.
Income	3	237,202,518	187,959,285
		237,202,518	187,959,285
Other income			
Miscellaneous Receipts		11 209	
Miscettaneous Receipts	-	11,398 237,213,916	187,959,285
		237,213,710	107,737,203
Expenses			
Management Fee		(16,098,017)	(17,094,958)
Trustee and Custodian Fee		(2,684,933)	(2,849,160)
Audit Fee		(83,188)	(78,650)
Other Expenses		(604,447)	(768,444)
		(19,470,585)	(20,791,212)
Net Operating Profit		217,743,331	167,168,073
Finance Expenses			
Interest Expenses		(2,808)	
Profit Before Tax		217,740,523	167,168,073
Income Tax Expense		(21,810,185)	(16,716,807)
Increase in Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders		195,930,338	150,451,266

Figures in brackets indicate deductions.

The Accounting Policies and Notes from pages 05 to 19 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Colombo 05th May, 2017



## CEYBANK SAVINGS PLUS FUND STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31ST DECEMBER, 2016

	Note	2016 Rs.	2015 Rs.
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	6	4,505,110	3,459,780
Receivables	7		162,798
Financial Assets Held for Trading	8	177,513,846	
Financial Assets Loans and Receivables	9	730,301,528	2,192,448,299
Income Tax Receivable	10	9,556,003	7,281,309
Total Current Assets		921,876,487	2,203,352,186
Total Assets		921,876,487	2,203,352,186
UNITHOLDERS' FUNDS AND LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Securities sold under reverse repurchase agreement		5,000,000	
Other Payables	11	2,352,297	2,371,703
Money Payable on Unit Redemption		110,493	1,057,733
Total Current Liabilities		7,462,790	3,429,436
Unitholder's Fund		914,413,697	2,199,922,750
Total Unitholder's Fund	-	914,413,697	2,199,922,750
Total Unitholders' Funds and Liabilities		921,876,487	2,203,352,186

Figures in brackets indicate deductions.

Commitments and Contingencies

The Accounting Policies and Notes from pages 05 to 19 form an integral part of these financial statements.

The Board of Directors of the management company is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these Financial Statements.

12 and 13

The financial statements were approved by the management company and by the trustee on 4th April, 2017 and on 05th May, 2017 respectively.

Director

Colombo

SSR/dm

Management Company

Director

Management Company



## CEYBANK SAVINGS PLUS FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN UNITHOLDERS' FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 2016

	Unit Capital	Retained Earnings	Total
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Balance as at 01st January, 2015	2,876,772,603	122,694,618	2,999,467,221
Decrease in Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders	-	150,451,266	150,451,266
Received on Unit Creations	1,388,716,677	39,607,228	1,428,323,905
Paid on Unit Redemptions	(2,130,479,452)	(81,326,347)	(2,211,805,799)
Distributions to Unitholders	-	(166,513,843)	(166,513,843)
Balance as at 31st December, 2015	2,135,009,828	64,912,922	2,199,922,750
Decrease in Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders	-	195,930,338	195,930,338
Received on Unit Creations	453,908,430	12,626,055	466,534,485
Paid on Unit Redemptions	(1,726,512,398)	(89,393,749)	(1,815,906,147)
Distributions to Unitholders	-	(132,067,729)	(132,067,729)
Balance as at 31st December, 2016	862,405,860	52,007,837	914,413,697

Figures in brackets indicate deductions.

The Accounting Policies and Notes from pages 05 to 19 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Colombo 05th May, 2017

## CEYBANK SAVINGS PLUS FUND STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER, 2016

	2016 Rs.	2015 Rs.
Cash Flow from Operating Activities		
Interest Received	237,202,518	187,959,285
Net Investment in Financial Assets	1,284,632,925	799,747,180
Micellaneous Receipts	174,196	-
Bank Charges	(109,000)	(112,649)
Management Fees and Trustee Fees Paid	(18,809,702)	(20,962,321)
Other Expenses Paid	(574,097)	(928,929)
Income Tax Paid	(24,084,879)	(16,924,832)
Net Cash Outflow from Operating Activities	1,478,431,961	948,777,734
Cash Flows From Financing Activities		
Proceeds form Applications from Unitholders	466,534,485	1,428,323,905
Payments for Redemptions by Unitholders	(1,816,853,387)	(2,211,805,799)
Distributions Paid from Operating Activities	(132,067,729)	(166,513,843)
Securities sold under reverse repurchase agreement	5,000,000	-
Net Cash From Financing Activities	(1,477,386,631)	(949,995,737)
Net (Decrease)/Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,045,330	(1,218,003)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of the Year (Note A)	3,459,780	4,677,784
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Year (Note B)	4,505,110	3,459,780
At the Beginning		Note A
Balance at Bank	3,459,780	4,677,784
At the End		Note B
Balance at Bank	4,505,110	3,459,780

Figures in brackets indicate deductions.

The Accounting Policies and Notes from pages 05 to 19 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Colombo 05th May, 2017

#### 1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

#### 1.1 General

Under Section 31 of the Securities and Exchange Commission of Sri Lanka, Act No.36 of 1987 as amended by the Act No.26 of 1991 and the Act No.18 of 2003, the Securities and Exchange Commission of Sri Lanka granted a license to operate the Fund to Ceybank Asset Management Limited on 02<sup>nd</sup> June, 2009. The Fund commenced its commercial operations on 22<sup>nd</sup> June, 2009. The registered office of the Management Company is located at 54/C1, Ward Place, Colombo 07.

#### 1.2 Principal Activities and Nature of Operations

The Fund is an Open-Ended Unit Trust and invests mainly on money market in Sri Lanka to maximize short term current income while ensuring ease of liquidity by investing in a portfolio of Money Market Instruments and to provide a regular stream of dividend income bi-annually. The Fund also invests in government securities, bank deposits and corporate debt instruments with maturities less than one year.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### 2.1 General Accounting Policies

#### 2.1.1 Basis of Preparation

The financial statements are prepared and comply in accordance with Sri Lanka Accounting Standards (SLFRSs and LKASs) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Sri Lanka and adopted as directed by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Sri Lanka.

The financial statements are prepared on the basis of fair value measurement of assets and liabilities except where otherwise stated.

The statement of financial position on a liquidity basis. Assets and liabilities are presented in decreasing order of liquidity and do not distinguish between current and non-current. All balances are expected to be recovered or settled within twelve months, except for investments in financial assets and net assets attributable to unitholders. The amount expected to be recovered or settled within twelve months after the end of each reporting period cannot be reliably determined.

#### 2.1.2 Statement of Compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Sri Lanka Accounting Standards (SLFRSs and LKASs) which are effective from 01st January, 2012.

## 2.2 Statement Of Comprehensive Income

#### 2.2.1 Revenue Recognition

Interest income is recognized in profit or loss for all financial instruments that are not held at fair value through profit or loss using the effective interest method. Interest income on assets held at fair value through profit or loss is included in the net gains/(losses) on financial instruments.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating the interest income or interest expense over the relevant period.

The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts throughout the expected life of the financial instrument, or a shorter period where appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Fund estimates cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment options) but does not consider future credit losses. The calculation includes all fees paid or received between the parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, including transaction costs and all other premiums or discounts.

#### 2.2.2 Expenditure Recognition

All expenses, including management fees and trustee fees, are recognized in profit or loss on accrual basis.

#### 2.2.3 Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the results for the year as adjusted for disallowable items. The current tax liabilities are provided for in accordance with the provisions of the Inland Revenue Act, No. 10 of 2006 and subsequent amendments thereto.

#### 2.2.4 Distribution

In accordance with the trust deed, the Fund distributes income adjusted for amounts determined by the Ceybank Asset Management Limited, to unitholders by cash or reinvestment. The distributions are recognized in statement of changes in unitholders fund.

#### 2.2.5 Increase/Decrease in Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders

Income not distributed is included in net assets attributable to unitholders. Movements in net assets attributable to unitholders are recognized in profit or loss as finance costs.

#### 2.3 Statement Of Financial Position

#### 2.3.1 Financial Instruments

The Fund's principal financial assets comprise investments in trading securities and cash at bank. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to generate a return on the investment made by Unitholders. The Funds' principal financial liabilities comprise amounts attributable to Unitholders, which are the amounts owed to Unitholders of the Fund. The Fund also has various other financial instruments such as receivables and payables which arise directly from its operations.

In accordance with LKAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, the Fund's receivables are classified as 'loans and receivables'. Trading securities are classified as 'held for trading', meaning they are valued at fair value through profit or loss. The amount attributable to unitholders is classified as a financial liability and is carried at the redemption amount being net asset value. Payables are designated as 'other financial liabilities' at amortized cost.

#### 2.3.1.1 Classification

The Fund's investments are classified as at fair value through profit or loss.

They comprise: -

## 2.3.1.1.1 Financial Instruments Held for Trading

Derivative financial instruments such as futures, forward contracts, options and interest rate swaps are included under this classification. The Fund does not designate any derivatives as hedges in a hedging relationship.

The Fund makes short sales in which a borrowed security is sold in anticipation of a decline in the market value of that security, or it may use short sales for various arbitrage transactions. Short sales are classified as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

#### 2.3.1.1.2 Financial Instruments Designated at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss Upon Initial Recognition

These include financial assets that are not held for trading purposes and which may be sold. These are investments in exchange traded debt and equity instruments, unlisted trusts and commercial paper.

Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss at inception is those that are managed and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis in accordance with the Fund's documented investment strategy. The Fund's policy is for the responsible entity to evaluate the information about these financial instruments on a fair value basis together with other related financial information.

#### 2.3.1.2 Recognition/De-recognition

The Fund recognizes financial assets and financial liabilities on the date it becomes party to the contractual agreement (trade date) and recognizes changes in fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities from this date.

Investments are de-recognized when the right to receive cash flows from the investments has expired or the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are de-recognized when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or expired.

Realized gains and realized losses on de-recognition are determined using the weighted average method and are included in the profit or loss in the period in which they arise. The realized gain is the difference between an instrument's weighted average cost and disposal amount.

#### 2.3.1.3 Measurement

#### 2.3.1.3.1 Financial Assets and Liabilities Held at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss

At initial recognition, the fund measures a financial assets and liabilities at its fair value. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in the statement of comprehensive income.

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets is subsequently based on their quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period without any deduction for estimated future selling costs. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Fund is the current bid price and the quoted market price for financial liabilities is the current asking price.

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market are determined using valuation techniques. Accordingly, there may be a difference between the fair value at initial recognition and amounts determined using a valuation technique. If such a difference exists, the Fund recognizes the difference in profit or loss to reflect a change in factors, including time that market participants would consider in setting a price.

## 2.3.1.3.2 Loans and Receivables

Loan assets are measured initially at fair value plus transaction costs and subsequently amortized using the effective interest rate method, less impairment losses if any. Such assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period to determine whether there is objective evidence of impairment.

If evidence of impairment exists, an impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate.

If in a subsequent period the amount of an impairment loss recognized on a financial asset carried at amortized cost decreases and the decrease can be linked objectively to an event occurring after the write-down, the write-down is reversed through profit or loss.

#### 2.3.1.4 Unitholders' Funds and Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders

Unitholders' funds has been calculated as the difference between the carrying amounts of the assets and the carrying amounts of the liabilities, other than those due to Unitholders, as at the date of the statement of financial position.

Units can be issued and redeemed based on the fund's net asset value per unit, calculated by dividing the net assets of the fund calculated in accordance with the valuation guidelines issued by the Unit Trust Association of Sri Lanka and approved by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Sri Lanka, by the number of units in issue.

Dividend to unitholders is declared according to the explanatory memorandum. Distribution to unitholders is recognized in the statement of changes in unitholders fund. Income not distributed is included in net assets attributable to unitholders.

#### 2.3.1.5 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position comprise cash at bank and interest accrued on cash held in bank.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and cash equivalents as defined above.

Payments and receipts relating to the purchase and sale of investment securities are classified as cash flows from operating activities, as movements in the fair value of these securities represent the Fund's main income generating activity.

#### 2.3.2 Receivables

Receivables are recognized and carried at amortized cost, less a provision for any uncollectable debts. An estimate for doubtful debt is made when collection of an amount is no longer probable.

Collectability of receivable is reviewed on an ongoing basis at an individual portfolio level, Individual debts that are known to be uncollectable are written off when identified. An impairment provision is recognized when there is objective evidence that the fund will not be able to collect the receivable. Financial difficulties of the debtor, default payments are considered objective evidence of impairment. The amount of the impairment loss is the receivable carrying amount compared to the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate.

#### 2.3.3 Pavables

Payables include liabilities and accrued expenses owing by the Fund which are unpaid as at the end of the reporting period.

The distribution amount payable to unitholders as at the end of each reporting period is recognized separately in the statement of financial position when unitholders are presently entitled to the distributable income under the Trust Deed.

#### 2.3.4 Applications and Redemptions

Applications received for units in the Fund are recorded net of any entry fees payable prior to the issue of units in the Fund. Redemptions from the Fund are recorded gross of any exit fees payable after the cancellation of units redeemed.

### 2.3.5 Significant Judgements and Estimates

Management considers credit, liquidity and market risk and assesses the impact on valuation of investments when determining the fair value. Following is the key source of estimation uncertainty at the date of the statement of financial position, that have significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

#### 2.3.6 Fair Value of Securities not Quoted in an Active Market and Over the Counter Derivative Instruments

Management uses its judgement in determining the appropriate valuation technique for financial instruments that are not quoted in an active market. Valuation techniques commonly used by market practitioners are applied. Other financial instruments are valued using a discounted cash flow analysis based on the assumptions supported, where possible, by observable market prices or rates.

#### 3 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Fund's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including price risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The Fund's overall risk management program focuses on ensuring compliance with the Fund's Product Disclosure Statement and seeks to maximize the returns derived for the level of risk to which the Fund is exposed. Financial risk management is carried out by the management company.

The Fund uses different methods to measure different types of risk to which it is exposed. These methods include sensitivity analysis in the case of interest rate and other price risks and ratings analysis for credit risk.

#### 3.1 Market Risk

#### 3.1.1 Fund's Exposure to Interest Rate Risk

The Fund is exposed to cash flow interest rate risk on financial instruments with variable interest rates. Financial instruments with fixed rates expose the Fund to fair value interest rate risk. The Fund's interest bearing financial assets expose it to risks associated with the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates on its financial position and cash flows. The risk is measured using sensitivity analysis.

The Fund's policy is to hold all its net assets attributable to unitholders invested in debt/Equity securities. The table below summarizes the Fund's exposure to interest rate risks. It includes the Fund's assets and liabilities at fair values, categorized by the earlier of contractual reprising or maturity dates.

As at 31st December, 2016	Floating Interest	Fixed Interest	Non- Interest	Total
Financial Assets	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Cash and cash Equivalents	Nil	Nil	5,242,843	5,242,843
Financial Assets Loans and Receivables	Nil	730,301,528	Nil	730,301,528
Financial Assets Held for Trading	Nil	177,513,846	Nil	177,513,846
Total Exposure	Nil	907,815,374	5,242,843	913,058,217

## 3.2 Summarized Sensitivity Analysis

The following table summarizes the sensitivity of the funds operating profit and net assets attributable to unitholders to interest rate risk and other price risk. The reasonably possible movements in the risk variables have been determined based on management's best estimate, having regard to a number of factors, including historical levels of changes in interest rates, historical correlation of the funds investment with the relevant benchmark and market volatility. However, actual movements in the risk variables maybe greater or less than anticipated due to a number of factors, including unusually large market shocks resulting from changes in performances and correlation between the performances of the economies, markets and securities in which the fund invests. As a result, historic variations in risk variables should not be used to predict future variations in the risk variables.

Impact on Operating Profit/Net Assets			
Attributable to Unitholders Interest Rate Risk			
31st December, 2016			

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ĸ٥.

Change in interest rate of the Trust's Investment in Trading Securities:

+1.5%	3,558,038
-1.5%	(3,558,038)

## 3.3 Credit Risk

The Fund is exposed to credit risk, which is the risk that counterparty will be unable to pay amounts in full when they fall due.

The main concentration of credit risk, to which the Fund is exposed, arises from the Fund's investment in debt securities. Cash and cash equivalents, amounts due from brokers and other receivables.

#### 3.3.1 Debt Securities

The Fund invests in debt securities which have an investment grade categorization as rated by Fitch ICRA Lanka and Lanka Rating Agency. An analysis of debt by rating is set out in the table below:

31<sup>st</sup> December, 2016 Amount

		Rs.	
Commercial		Rating	Amount
Paper Rating	Dealer	Agency	Rs.
BB+	Kotagala Plantation PLC	Fitch Ratings	145,201,596
BB+	Alliance Finance Co. Ltd	Fitch Ratings	19,197,700
BBB-	Softlogic Holding PLC	ICRA Lanka Limited	104,365,360
Α	Lanka Orix Leasing Co. PLC	ICRA Lanka Limited	114,996,897
BBB	Janashakthi PLC	ICRA Lanka Limited	25,760,982
A-	First Capital Holdings PLC	ICRA Lanka Limited	128,089,057
BBB+	Dunamis Capital PLC	ICRA Lanka Limited	118,471,043
Total			656,082,635

#### 3.3.2 Cash and Cash Equivalents

The exposure to credit risk for cash and cash equivalents is low as all counterparties have a rating of AA+ as determined by the Fitch rating agency.

In accordance with the Fund's policy, the investment manager monitors the Fund's credit position on a daily basis.

#### 3.4 Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund may not be able to generate sufficient cash resources to settle its obligations in full as they fall due or can only do so on terms that are materially disadvantageous.

The Fund is exposed to daily cash redemptions of units. It therefore, primarily holds investments that are traded in an active market and can be readily disposed. Only a limited proportion of its assets are held in investments not actively traded on a stock exchange.

Units are redeemed on demand at the unitholder's option. However, the Board of Directors does not envisage that the contractual maturity disclosed in the table below will be representative of the actual cash outflows,

as holders of these instruments typically retain them for the medium to long term.

The table below analyses the Fund's non-derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the end of the reporting period. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

31 <sup>st</sup> December, 2016	Less than One Month Rs.	01 to 06 Months Rs.	06 to 12 Months Rs.	Total Rs.
Accrued Expenses				
- Management Fee Payable	1,588,985	Nil	Nil	1,588,985
- Other Payables	Nil	430,438	330,062	760,500
- Interest Payable	2,812	Nil	Nil	2,812
- Money Payable on Unit Redemption	848,226	Nil	Nil	848,226
Contractual Cash Flows (Excluding Gross	2,440,023	430,438	330,062	3,200,523
settled Derivatives)				

#### 3.5 Fair Value Estimation

The carrying amounts of the Fund's assets and liabilities at the end of each reporting period approximate their fair values.

Financial assets and liabilities held at fair value through profit or loss are measured initially at fair value excluding any transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of the financial asset or financial liability. Transaction costs on financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are expensed immediately. Subsequent to initial recognition, all instruments held at fair value through profit or loss is measured at fair value with changes in their fair value recognized in profit or loss.

#### 3.5.1 Fair Value in an Inactive or Unquoted Market

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length market transactions, reference to the current fair value of a substantially similar other instrument, discounted cash flow techniques, option pricing models or any other valuation technique that provides a reliable estimate of prices obtained in actual market transactions.

Investments in other unlisted unit trusts are recorded at the redemption value per unit as reported by the investment managers of such funds.

Some of the inputs to these models may not be market observable and are therefore estimated based on assumptions.

The output of a model is always an estimate or approximation of a value that cannot be determined with certainty, and valuation techniques employed may not fully reflect all factors relevant to the positions the Fund holds. Valuations are therefore adjusted, where appropriate, to allow for additional factors including liquidity risk and counterparty risk.

The carrying value less impairment provision of other receivables and payables are assumed to approximate their fair values. The fair value of financial liabilities for disclosure purposes is estimated by discounting the future contractual cash flows at the current market interest rate that is available to the Fund for similar financial instruments.

## 3.6 Fair Value Hierarchy

The Fund classifies fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the subjectivity of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1)
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

#### 3.6.1 Classification of Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorized in its entirety is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. For this purpose, the significance of an input is assessed against the fair value measurement in its entirety. If a fair value measurement uses observable inputs that require significant adjustment based on unobservable inputs, that measurement is a level 3 measurements. Assessing the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgement, considering factors specific to the asset or liability.

The determination of what constitutes 'observable' requires significant judgement by the responsible entity. The responsible entity considers observable data to be that market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

The tables below set out the Fund's financial assets and liabilities (by class) measured at fair value according to the fair value hierarchy at 31st December, 2016.

As At 31st December, 2016	Level 1 Rs.	Level 2 Rs.	Level 3 Rs.	Total Rs.
Financial Assets				
Financial Assets Held for Trading:				
- Treasury Bills	Nil	177,513,846	Nil	177,513,846
Financial Assets Loans				
and Receivables				
- Commercial Papers	Nil	656,082,635	Nil	656,082,635
- Fixed Deposits	Nil	74,218,893	Nil	74,218,893
Cash and Cash Equivalents	Nil	Nil	5,242,843	5,242,843
Total	Nil	907,815,374	5,242,843	913,058,217

Investments whose values are based on quoted market prices in active markets, and therefore classified within level 1, include active listed equities, certain unlisted unit trusts, exchange traded derivatives.

Financial instruments that trade in markets that are not considered to be active but are valued based on quoted market prices, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources supported by observable inputs are classified within level 2. These include; investment-grade corporate bonds and certain non-US sovereign obligations, certain listed equities, certain unlisted unit trusts, and over-the-counter derivatives. As level 2 investments include positions that are not traded in active markets and/or are subject to transfer restrictions, valuations may be adjusted to reflect illiquidity and/or non-transferability, which are generally based on available market information.

Investments classified within level 3 have significant unobservable inputs, as they are infrequently traded. Level 3 instruments include corporate debt securities and certain unlisted unit trusts. As observable prices are not available for these securities, the responsible entity has used valuation techniques to derive fair value.

			2016	2015
			Rs.	Rs.
3.	INCOME			
	Interest from			
	- Bank Deposits		80,660,167	53,187,832
	- Treasury Bills		8,426,939	7,907,504
	- Repurchase Agreements		37,194,641	27,441,678
	- Commercial Papers		109,150,553	99,422,271
	- Government Bonds Int.Income < 366 [	Days	1,770,218	-
			237,202,518	187,959,285
4.	DISTRIBUTIONS TO UNITHOLDERS  Dividend Paid		132,067,729	166,513,843
	Dividend i ald		132,007,727	100,515,045
		Date of	Dividend Paid	Dividend Paid
		Dividend Declaration	in Number of Units	in Rupees
	Dividend Paid for 2016			
	01st July, 2015 to 31st December, 2015	16th February, 2016	204,838,089	61,451,426
	01st January, 2016 to 30th June, 2016	03rd August, 2016	201,760,863	70,616,302
			406,598,952	132,067,728
	Dividend Paid for 2015			_
	01st July, 2014 to 31st December, 2014	12th February, 2015	193,098,373	77,239,349
	01st January, 2015 to 30th June, 2015	04th August, 2015	223,186,235	89,274,494
			416,284,608	166,513,843

## 5. NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS

Movements in the number of units and net assets attributable to unitholders during the year were as follows:

2015	2016	2015
Number	Rs.	Rs.
287,229,683	2,199,922,750	2,999,467,220
138,655,416	466,534,485	1,428,323,906
(212,717,101)	(1,815,906,147)	(2,211,805,799)
-	195,930,338	150,451,266
-	(132,067,729)	(166,513,843)
213,167,998	914,413,697	2,199,922,750
(	Number 287,229,683 138,655,416 212,717,101) - -	Number         Rs.           287,229,683         2,199,922,750           138,655,416         466,534,485           (212,717,101)         (1,815,906,147)           -         195,930,338           -         (132,067,729)

As stipulated within the Trust deed, each unit represents a right to an individual share in the Fund and does not extend to a right to the underlying assets of the Fund. There are no separate classes of units and each unit has the same rights attaching to it as all other units of the Fund.

#### 5.1 Capital Risk Management

The Fund considers its net assets attributable to unitholders as capital, notwithstanding net assets attributable to unitholders are classified as a liability. The amount of net assets attributable to unitholders can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily applications and redemptions at the discretion of unitholders.

Daily applications and redemptions are reviewed relative to the liquidity of the Fund's underlying assets on a daily basis by the responsible entity. Under the terms of the Fund constitution, the responsible entity has the discretion to reject an application for units and to defer or adjust a redemption of units if the exercise of such discretion is in the best interests of the unitholders.

# CEYBANK SAVINGS PLUS FUND NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

					2016 Rs.	2015 Rs.
6.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			_	NJ.	110,
	Cash at Bank			_	4,505,110	3,459,780
7.	RECEIVABLES					
	Sundry Debtors				<u>-</u>	162,798
				_	-	162,798
8.	FINANCIAL ASSETS HELD FOR TRADING					
	Investment in Treasury Bills			Note 8.1	177,513,846	<u>-</u>
				=	177,513,846	<u>-</u>
8.1	Investment in Treasury Bills					
	As at 31st December, 2016					
	Dealer	Yield	Investment Date	Maturity Date	Cost Rs.	Market Value Rs.
	NSB Fund Management	9.50%	29-Jul-16	27-Jan-17	19,093,080	19,870,440
	NSB Fund Management	9.55%	29-Jul-16	27-Jan-17	19,088,520	19,869,788
	NSB Fund Management	9.60%	29-Jul-16	27-Jan-17	19,083,960	19,869,138
	NSB Fund Management	9.65%	29-Jul-16	27-Jan-17	19,079,420	19,868,488
	NSB Fund Management	9.70%	29-Jul-16	27-Jan-17	19,074,860	19,867,838
	NSB Fund Management	10.40%	29-Jul-16	28-Jul-17	22,644,925	23,654,243
	NSB Fund Management	10.44%	29-Jul-16	28-Jul-17	22,636,725	23,649,557
	NSB Fund Management	10.48%	29-Jul-16	28-Jul-17	22,628,525	23,644,871
	NSB Fund Management	10.50%	29-Jul-16	28-Jul-17	6,908,595	7,219,483
				=	170,238,610	177,513,846
					2016	2015
					Rs.	Rs.
9.	FINANCIAL ASSETS LOANS AND RECEIVABLES	5				
	Investment in Fixed Deposit			Note 9.1	74,218,893	822,550,769
	Investment in Commercial Papers			Note 9.2	656,082,635	955,517,035
	Investment in Repurchase Agreement			Note 9.3	-	414,380,495
					730,301,528	2,192,448,299

## 9 FINANCIAL ASSETS LOANS AND RECEIVABLES (CONTD....)

## 9.1 Investment in Fixed Deposit

As at 31st December, 2016

Bank	Yield	Investment Date	Maturity Date	Cost Rs.	Investment Rs.
Soft logic Finance PLC	13.50%	30-Nov-16	28-Feb-17	31,711,230	32,086,552
Mercantile Investments & Fin. PLC	12.50%	30-Jul-16	30-Jan-17	11,056,580	11,643,488
Commercial Credit & Finance PLC	13.50%	7-Nov-16	7-Feb-17	29,881,000	30,488,853
			_	72,648,810	74,218,893

## **Investment in Fixed Deposit**

## As at 31st December, 2015

Bank	Yield	Investment Date	Maturity Date	Cost Rs.	Investment Rs.
Mercantile Investments and Finance PLC	8.50%	12-Oct-15	12-Jan-16	10,000,000	10,188,630
Orient Finance PLC	9.00%	12-Oct-15	12-Jan-16	25,000,000	25,499,315
Richard Pieris Finance Ltd	9.00%	12-Oct-15	12-Jan-16	25,000,000	25,499,315
Commercial Credit & Finance PLC	10.15%	14-Oct-15	14-Jan-16	38,138,625	38,976,473
Commercial Credit & Finance PLC	10.15%	26-Oct-15	26-Jan-16	50,000,000	50,931,575
AMW Capital Leasing & Finance PLC	9.25%	30-Oct-15	29-Jan-16	52,000,000	52,830,219
Mercantile Investments & Finance PLC	8.50%	30-Oct-15	30-Jan-16	10,360,000	10,511,994
Commercial Credit & Finance PLC	9.50%	7-Nov-15	7-May-16	27,124,439	27,512,727
L B Finance PLC	9.25%	12-Nov-15	12-May-16	50,000,000	50,633,562
Commercial Leasing & Finance PLC	10.00%	13-Nov-15	13-May-16	51,093,870	51,779,788
Orient Finance PLC	9.75%	13-Nov-15	13-May-16	25,000,000	25,327,226
AMW Capital Leasing & Finance PLC	9.35%	13-Nov-15	13-May-16	50,000,000	50,627,603
Orient Finance PLC	9.75%	18-Nov-15	18-May-16	25,964,110	26,269,277
AMW Capital Leasing & Finance PLC	9.25%	18-Nov-15	18-Mar-16	50,000,000	50,557,534
MBSL Bank & Finance PLC	9.25%	18-Nov-15	18-Feb-16	40,000,000	40,446,027
L B Finance PLC	9.75%	19-Nov-15	19-May-16	25,000,000	25,287,158
Commercial Leasing & Finance PLC	10.00%	2-Dec-15	2-Mar-16	51,851,164	52,277,338
L B Finance PLC	9.60%	10-Dec-15	10-Jun-16	103,722,671	104,322,842
L B Finance PLC	9.60%	15-Dec-15	15-Jun-16	25,930,668	26,046,610
Citizens Development Business Finance PLC	9.50%	28-Dec-15	28-Jun-16	25,000,000	25,026,026
Lanka Orix Leasing Finance PLC	10.25%	31-Dec-15	31-Mar-16	51,984,931	51,999,530
			_	813,170,478	822,550,769

## 9 FINANCIAL ASSETS LOANS AND RECEIVABLES (CONTD....)

## 9.2 Investment in Commercial Papers

As at 31st December, 2016

Company	Yield	Investment Date	Matuirity Date	Cost Rs.	Market Value Rs.
					_,
Lanka Orix Leasing Company	14.50%	13-Oct-16	13-Jan-17	54,561,724	56,295,741
Lanka Orix Leasing Company	14.50%	4-Nov-16	6-Feb-17	57,379,079	58,701,156
Kotagala Plantation PLC	14.00%	5-Dec-16	5-Jan-17	25,672,315	25,938,182
Kotagala Plantation PLC	14.00%	8-Dec-16	9-Jan-17	12,277,010	12,390,026
Kotagala Plantation PLC	14.00%	15-Dec-16	16-Jan-17	29,049,072	29,238,488
Kotagala Plantation PLC	14.00%	21-Dec-16	20-Jan-17	29,607,449	29,732,368
Kotagala Plantation PLC	14.00%	23-Dec-16	23-Jan-17	36,490,912	36,616,881
Kotagala Plantation PLC	14.00%	30-Dec-16	30-Jan-17	11,277,001	11,285,652
Allance Finance Co.PLC	13.50%	16-Jun-16	6-Jan-17	17,881,568	19,197,700
Janashakthi Limited	14.50%	7-Oct-16	6-Jan-17	24,909,949	25,760,982
First Capital Holdings PLC	14.00%	27-Jul-16	25-Jan-17	35,089,736	37,216,271
First Capital Holdings PLC	14.00%	1-Aug-16	30-Jan-17	57,259,351	60,619,612
First Capital Holdings PLC	14.50%	4-Nov-16	3-Feb-17	29,571,807	30,253,174
Softlogic Holdings PLC	14.85%	26-Aug-16	27-Feb-17	49,626,476	52,210,860
Softlogic Holdings PLC	14.85%	29-Aug-16	28-Feb-17	49,630,484	52,154,500
Dunamis Capital PLC	15.00%	3-Aug-16	1-Feb-17	51,182,405	54,358,519
Dunamis Capital PLC	15.00%	10-Aug-16	8-Feb-17	60,530,447	64,112,523
			•	631,996,785	656,082,635

## **Investment in Commercial Papers**

As at 31st December, 2015

Company	Yield	Investment Date	Matuirity Date	Cost Rs.	Market Value Rs.
Alliance Finance Co.PLC	8.25%	24-Jun-15	12-Jan-16	6,694,352	6,983,356
Alliance Finance Co.PLC	8.30%	24-Jun-15	12-Feb-16	6,647,777	6,936,509
Softlogic Holdings PLC	9.05%	3-Jul-15	4-Jan-16	107,822,632	112,688,239
Kotagala Plantations PLC	9.25%	2-Oct-15	4-Jan-16	5,428,317	5,553,503
Lanka Orix Leasing Finance PLC	10.10%	9-Oct-15	11-Jan-16	49,870,283	51,029,459
Kotagala Plantations PLC	9.25%	9-Oct-15	8-Jan-16	5,455,840	5,571,982
Softlogic Finance PLC	10.00%	9-Oct-15	11-Jan-16	29,332,311	30,007,356
Kotagala Plantations PLC	9.25%	16-Oct-15	15-Jan-16	22,199,863	22,633,064
Lanka Orix Leasing Finance PLC	10.15%	19-Oct-15	19-Jan-16	51,867,305	52,934,635
Kotagala Plantations PLC	9.40%	19-Oct-15	19-Jan-16	5,125,064	5,222,735
Kotagala Plantations PLC	9.50%	20-Oct-15	20-Jan-16	5,477,565	5,581,639
Kotagala Plantations PLC	9.50%	20-Oct-15	20-Jan-16	10,526,267	10,726,266
Kotagala Plantations PLC	9.50%	23-Oct-15	22-Jan-16	5,431,943	5,530,908
First Capital Holdings PLC	9.50%	28-Oct-15	27-Jan-16	32,771,937	33,326,367
			_	344,651,456	354,726,018

## 9 FINANCIAL ASSETS LOANS AND RECEIVABLES (CONTD....)

## **Investment in Commercial Papers**

Balance B/F				344,651,456	354,726,018
Softlogic Finance PLC	10.25%	29-Oct-15	29-Jan-16	24,935,577	25,383,735
People's Leasing & Finance PLC	8.50%	30-Oct-15	29-Jan-16	49,894,265	50,626,276
Lanka Orix Leasing Finance PLC	10.00%	2-Nov-15	2-Feb-16	51,869,261	52,721,906
First Capital Holdings PLC	9.60%	2-Nov-15	2-May-16	53,441,472	54,284,822
First Capital Holdings PLC	9.60%	6-Nov-15	6-May-16	26,629,629	27,021,850
Softlogic Finance PLC	10.25%	6-Nov-15	5-Feb-16	12,998,374	13,202,786
Lanka Orix Leasing Finance PLC	10.25%	11-Nov-15	11-May-16	49,745,752	50,458,206
Dunamis Capital PLC	10.25%	11-Nov-15	11-May-16	56,256,822	57,062,528
First Capital Holdings PLC	9.25%	16-Nov-15	15-Feb-16	53,516,313	54,140,182
Kotagala Plantations PLC	9.50%	19-Nov-15	19-Feb-16	5,163,317	5,221,104
Kotagala Plantations PLC	9.50%	20-Nov-15	22-Feb-16	11,107,050	11,228,466
Kotagala Plantations PLC	9.50%	20-Nov-15	22-Feb-16	10,597,090	10,712,933
Kotagala Plantations PLC	9.50%	23-Nov-15	23-Feb-16	5,469,053	5,524,568
Kotagala Plantations PLC	9.50%	2-Dec-15	2-Mar-16	11,190,503	11,277,881
Kotagala Plantations PLC	9.50%	7-Dec-15	8-Mar-16	5,531,068	5,567,058
Kotagala Plantations PLC	9.50%	15-Dec-15	15-Mar-16	5,550,092	5,574,649
Kotagala Plantations PLC	9.50%	21-Dec-15	21-Mar-16	6,745,629	6,764,942
Janashakthi PLC	10.00%	28-Dec-15	28-Mar-16	99,751,305	99,860,621
Kotagala Plantation PLC	9.50%	30-Dec-15	30-Mar-16	11,221,608	11,227,450
Softlogic Finance PLC	10.25%	31-Dec-15	31-Mar-16	11,698,933	11,702,218
Softlogic Finance PLC	10.25%	31-Dec-15	31-Mar-16	31,218,069	31,226,836
			_	939,182,638	955,517,035

## 9.3 Investment in Repurchase Agreement

## As at 31st December, 2015

Dealer	Yield	Investment Date	Maturity Date	Cost Rs.	Investment Value Rs.
DFCC Vardana Bank	6.30%	28-Dec-15	11-Jan-16	42,613,368	42,642,788
Nat Wealth Securities Ltd	6.40%	28-Dec-15	11-Jan-16	129,338,789	129,429,503
Nat Wealth Securities Ltd	6.40%	29-Dec-15	5-Jan-16	50,000,000	50,026,301
Perpetual Treasuries Limited	6.50%	29-Dec-15	12-Jan-16	80,000,000	80,042,740
Wealth Trust Securities Ltd	6.55%	30-Dec-15	6-Jan-16	50,000,000	50,017,945
Entrust Securities Ltd	6.15%	31-Dec-15	4-Jan-16	62,210,735	62,221,218
				414,162,892	414,380,495

		2016	2015
		Rs.	Rs.
10.	INCOME TAX RECEIVABLE		
Add:	Balance as at the Beginning of the Year WHT Set Off	7,281,309 19,391,088	7,073,284 13,388,341
	Notional Tax	4,693,791	3,536,491
		31,366,188	23,998,116
Less:	Income Tax Expense on Current Year's Profit	(21,810,185)	(16,716,807)
	Balance as at the End of the Year	9,556,003	7,281,309
11.	OTHER PAYABLES		
	VAT and NBT Payables to Ceybank Asset Management Ltd	330,062	330,063
	Management Fee Payable	1,588,985	1,615,737
	Other Creditors	430,438	425,903
	Interest payable	2,812	-
		2,352,297	2,371,703

## 12. UNRECOGNIZED CONTRACTUAL COMMITMENTS

There were no unrecognized contractual commitments as at the reporting date.

## 13. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CONTINGENT ASSETS

## 13.1 Contingent Liabilities

There were no contingent liabilities as at the reporting date.

## 13.2 Contingent Assets

There were no contingent assets as at the reporting date.

## 14. EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

No circumstances have arisen, since the reporting date which would require adjustments to, or disclosures, in the financial statements.

#### 15. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

## 15.1 Responsible Entity

The responsible entity of Ceybank Savings Plus Fund is Ceybank Asset Management Limited.

## CEYBANK SAVINGS PLUS FUND NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 15. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTD...)

#### 15.2 Key Management Personnel (Contd...)

#### a) Directors

Key management personnel includes persons who were directors of Ceybank Asset Management Limited at any time during the financial year.

- Mr. P. S. C. Pelpola (Chairman)
- Mr. M. Selvanathan
- Mr. Sri B.Babu Rao
- Mr. D. M. Gunasekara
- Mr. M.S.P.R. Perera
- Mr. S. M. S. C. Jayasuriya
- Mr. P.A. Liyanamana
- Mr. G.A.Jayashantha

b) Other key management personnel.

There were no other persons with responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the fund, directly or indirectly during the financial year.

#### 15.3 Key Management Personnel Unitholdings

The key management personnel of Ceybank Asset Management Limited have not held any units in the fund.

#### 15.4 Other Transactions within the Fund

Apart from those details disclosed in this note, no key management personnel have entered into a material contract with the Fund during the financial year and there were no material contracts involving key management personnel's interest existing at year end.

## 15.5 Related Party Unitholding

The management company of Ceybank Savings Plus Fund did not hold any units in the Fund.

#### 15.6 Key Management Personnel Compensation

Key management personnel are paid by Ceybank Asset Management Limited. Payments made from the Fund to Ceybank Asset Management Limited do not include any amounts directly attributable to the compensation of key management personnel.

Name of Related Company	Relationship	Nature of Transaction
Ceybank Asset Management Limited	Managing Company	Management Fee Rs.16,098,017
National Savings Bank	Trustee	Trustee Fee Rs.2,684,934

## 16. Transactions with Key Management Personnel (KMP) of the Company

Key management personnel are paid by Ceybank Asset Management Limited. Payments are from the fund to Ceybank Asset Management Limited do not include any amounts directly attributable to the compensation of key management personnel.

## CEYBANK SAVINGS PLUS MONEY MARKET FUND Annual Report & Accounts 2016

DECLARATION BY
TRUSTEES AND MANAGING COMPANY

Declaration by Trustees and Management Company as per SEC circular No 02/2009 on Guidelines for Trustees and Management Companies of Unit trust Funds.

National Savings Bank the Trustee and Ceybank Asset Management Ltd the Managers of Ceybank Unit Trust Funds hereby declare that;

- 1. the requirements of the Guidelines for Trustees and Managing Companies of Unit Trust Funds set by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Sri Lanka have been complied with during the year.
- 2. the transactions were and will be carried out at arm's length basis and on terms which are best available for the fund, as well as act, at all times, in the best interest of the Fund's unit holders.

Terstee to

Ceybank Unit Trust Funds

National Savings Bank

General Manager / Compliance Officer Ceybank Asset Management Ltd

## CEYBANK SAVINGS PLUS MONEY MARKET FUND Annual Report & Accounts 2016 MANAGEMENT TEAM

## **CEYBANK ASSET MANAGEMENT LTD**

## MANAGEMENT TEAM

### **CHAIRMAN**

Palitha Pelpola

## **CEO / EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR**

Chitra Sathkumara B.Sc, MBA (Finance)

## **General Manager**

W. D. F. Wimalaratne FIB (IBSL), Dip. In Bank Mgt. (IBSL), Pg.DBFA (ICASL) Former Deputy General Manager Bank of Ceylon

# Manager – Investment & Business Development

lan Ferdinands Chartered Marketer Certified e Marketer

## Manager - Finance

Ravindra Hettiarachchi Chartered Finalist (ICASL) B.Sc (Mgt) Sp. Hons MBA

## Registrar

K. Dorin Sherina

## **Assistant Fund Manager**

Kanchana Karannagoda B.Sc. B. Admin. Sp. (Finance) Hons CIMA,CGMA

## **Marketing Manager**

Kumudu Kekirideniya Dip.in Marketing (UK), MICM (UK)